

OFFICIAL PAPER OF Cochise County.

A. O. U. W. meet to-night.
J. C. Bothin took his departure this morning for San Francisco.

A handsome case of toilet soap is for sale at Ashmun & Walkers.

C. W. Hartefeld took his departure this morning for Philadelphia.

There will be a social dance at the Skating Rink to-morrow evening.

The thermometer registered 80 degrees at noon to-day.

Bishop Dunlop left this afternoon for a visit to Nogales.

The town has been very quiet to-day, nothing at all going on.

Mr. A. Lyall and daughter returned to their home at Soldier Holes this afternoon.

A great deal of planting is going on at the cemetery. Let the good work go on.

Let every person who desires to join the Anti-Chinese League call at the Headquarters and sign his name.

Otto Bauer has assigned his Cuba Cigar store for the benefit of his creditors.

Harry Clay who tried to commit suicide yesterday, is reported out of danger.

A signal station is to be established by Gen. Miles in the Huachuca mountains.

Assessor Burke is hard at work assessing the property in Tombstone, having finished up the county.

Messrs Cohen & Strowbridge, two cattlemen of the Dragoons are visiting this city.

The Executive committee of the Anti-Chinese League will meet at Headquarters at 7:30 this evening.

Thomas Dunbar of Tres Alamos is visiting his family who are at present in this city.

Joe Goldwater, of Fairbank, is visiting this city. As Joe has hosts of friends here he always has a pleasant time when in the city.

Joe Pascholy has gone into the undertaking business, having purchased the same of A. J. Ritter. See advertisement in another column.

Judge Easton has written to Ben James that he will start from El Paso with his family en route for Tombstone in a few days.

An adjourned meeting of the Taxpayer's committee will be held at Judge Richardson's office to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The Uniform Rank K. of P. will challenge the Select Knights of the A. O. U. W. to a competitive drill in the near future.

All members of the Investigating committee of the Anti-Chinese League are requested to meet at Headquarters this evening at 7:30 o'clock.
FRANK BROAD.

Chairman, Investigating committee.

Mr. Fred Beau de Zart who came from Charleston last evening to attend the Pink and White Tea, returned home this morning.

Subscriptions still continue to pour into the office, and THE DAILY TOMBSTONE now has a larger circulation than ever attained by any other newspaper published in this camp.

About the middle of next month very near double the men now in the mines will be employed. It is expected that at that time also that the pumps at the Grand Central will be started. Then look out for good times.

The health officer will do well to give his attention to the back yards facing the alley in the block bounded by Fourth and Fifth streets, between Allen and Fremont streets. The foul substances will engender pestilence and disease during warm weather if not removed.

Mr. Pasquale Negro of the Comet Saloon has one of the handsomest bar lamps it has ever been our pleasure to see. It was sent to him as a present by a liquor firm in Chicago with whom he is dealing.

Our old friend Sturges, formerly foreman of the Emerald mine, has purchased the butcher business of Mr. J. Everhardy, on Fremont street, and will hereafter continue his business.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1886.

Mr. Editor—The National Capital put on its holiday attire on Monday last, and flags and bunting floated from both public and private buildings, the occasion being the 25th anniversary of the departure of the District militia for the seat of war. The reminiscences of the eventful day of 1861, when in response to the call of President Lincoln 3,200 citizens of the district offered themselves to the Government in defence of the Capital of the Nation, renewed the enthusiasm of the veterans as they assembled to celebrate the event of which they are so justly proud. Long before the hour set for meeting at the various places of rendezvous, the members of the old District companies began to assemble. Some there were who thus assembled to respond to roll-call who did not march in line, but presented as an excuse a wooden leg or crutch. At many of the little gatherings the rolls were called in solemn silence, for the number of names that had been checked as dead seemed to be in a majority. When the celebration of the day was decided upon a few weeks since both the Federal and District Government promised their hearty co-operation. In this, however, while the District Government did its share, the Federal Government failed. The department employees were informed that they could have a half holiday, but that it would be deducted from their annual leaves, while the Government Printing Office employees had to lose their day's wages. Notwithstanding these difficulties the veterans triumphed. Including the District militia more than two thousand men joined in the parade. The torn and faded colors, and the great variety of men assembled in the ranks of the veterans, contrasted strangely with the brilliant uniforms of the militia companies. More than 30,000 people assembled upon Pennsylvania Avenue to witness the parade. There are many reasons why the celebration of this anniversary is worthy of more than a passing notice. When it is considered that the men who responded, with such promptness to the call to arms, constituted the first volunteer troops that were mustered into the service of the United States, and that the people of Virginia, against whom they were called upon to contend were separated from them only by the width of a narrow river, and attached by ties both special and political, the degree of patriotism required to boldly face such a disunion of friendly ties needs no comment as to its quality.

The question of open executive sessions of the Senate is just now receiving the attention of the members of that body. As yet the discussion has been a one-sided one, the speeches of Senators Platt, Logan and others, all favoring public sessions. The interest taken by the public in the discussion is demonstrated by the crowded galleries, and the eagerness with which the printed accounts of the proceedings are sought those whose duties prevent their personal attendance during the discussion.

The feature of the week in the House was the Romeis-Hurd election contest. The speech of Mr. Frank Hurd in advocacy of his right to the seat held by Mr. Romeis was listened to with marked attention, and is generally conceded to have been one of the most eloquent speeches of the session. At the close of his remarks he was greeted with loud and long continued applause on the floor and in the galleries. A vote being taken it was decided Mr. Romeis was entitled to his seat, the vote standing 105 to 168.

Probably there is no better gauge of the degree of interest taken by the general public in the important questions discussed by Congress than is afforded by the records of the Government Printing Office of the orders received for printed speeches. These records show that the greatest demand has been for speeches upon the silver question. The largest order received this session was for William M. Scott's speech in support of a compromise of the silver question. The

second largest order was for Beck's speech attacking the financial policy of the administration, which was called for by members of both parties. Ingalls' speech on the Edmunds resolutions is ordered in large numbers; and there is a great demand for Kenna's presentation of the Democratic side of the case. Spooner's eulogy on Vice President Hendricks is also a popular document with members of both parties, and large orders have been received for Henderson's speech on the pension bill, and Burrough's speech on ocean mail transportation.

The Bad Man from Arizona.

The trial of Dr. Bowers on a charge of wife poisoning, brought out some strong points of the counsel engaged in the trial. Judge Southard was employed to assist the prosecution. The San Francisco Chronicle says that when the trial was resumed Friday morning, Mr. Southard continued his argument in a logical but highly sarcastic strain. Speaking of Joseph's sale into Egypt and the deception practiced on Jacob by his other sons by means of the blood-stained coat, the counsel said that if Dr. Johnson had been there, with his chemical skill, he would have exposed the trick by analyzing the blood. The calcium had been given to Mrs. Bowers, he said, to hide the odor of the phosphorus.

An exciting incident occurred at this point, when Colin Campbell jumped up under the impression that Mr. Southard had charged him with lying to the jury.

"Are you a fighter?" asked Mr. Southard. "I advise you not to call me out if you are not. I am a bad man, fresh from Arizona, and you might get hurt!"

Now, we all know Judge Southard. He used to live at Tucson and later at Tombstone. We always looked upon the judge as a harmless man, a jolly sort of a fellow. Never did we dream that he was the bad man from Serpent Canyon, located on the other side of Rattlesnake Gulch. Little did we think that fellow was Judge Southard. That fellow was called the bad man of Arizona. We did not know his other name, but he was a tough cuss; he was one of the bad kind. He would steal, fight and—worse than that, he would play Apache. That is what the bad man of Arizona used to do. And we have known him to handle the branding iron with dexterity on the hides of his fellow men's cattle. Now, the Star don't believe this bad man we have heard so much about in Arizona was Judge Southard, notwithstanding the fact the judge claims the proud distinction, and that in court.—Star.

Orange Blossoms.

This afternoon a quiet wedding took place in this city, and it was not intended that the newspapers should know anything about it, but an inquisitive reporter of THE DAILY TOMBSTONE, who is always sniffing around for news, learned the fact and hastened to place in type the glad news for the benefit of his many friends.

Charles Smith, the happy groom, is the watchman of the bank, and feeling his loneliness and the want of a wife, sent back to the old country—the land of his birth—for the owner of a pair of black eyes that kept constantly haunting him, and last evening a very handsome young lady arrived in this city, and to-day she united her fate and fortune with our friend Charlie Smith.

THE DAILY TOMBSTONE extends congratulations to the newly married couple, and trusts that their path through life may be strewn with roses.

Races! Races!

On Sunday next an interesting race will take place at the Tombstone Driving Park between Dan Huddy of the State of Maine mine's sorrel and Richard Jeffries' dark horse for \$100 a side. Both parties have deposited a forfeit of \$40 each with Jack Martin of the Arcade Saloon, the balance to be put up upon the day of the race. As this race will be run for blood we have no doubt but what a large crowd will be in attendance.

Mint juleps, mint toddies and all kinds of cooling summer drinks at the Oriental. 4-20tf

ARIZONA'S CURSE.

The Apaches Raid Calabasas and Vicinity and Kill Thirteen Men and Wound Several Women and Children.

Through the courtesy of Tom Green, mounted custom house inspector, we are enabled to publish a portion of a letter received by him last evening from Deputy Collector J. W. Magoffin, of Nogales, which is as follows:

"Indians are playing sad havoc with the settlers about fifteen miles from here, having killed thirteen men and wounded several women and children."

CINTRA, SONORA, April 26.—10 p. m.

—The regular train Saturday night brought down fifteen Nogales Mexicans, under the command of the chief of police, and myself as a volunteer, all bent on armed interview with the Apaches. At Agua Zarca Station we left the train, and the whole command was placed under Ygnacio Andrade, of the Agua Zarca ranch. About one o'clock Sunday morning a rapid march was made to San Jose, where we bivouacked until 4:15 a. m., when we followed down the railroad to this place. At 5:30 we struck the Apache trail about one mile and a half above the first water hole from which the Cibuto arises. We followed the trail with difficulty until 6 o'clock, but lost it among the confusion of tracks of hundreds of horses and cattle leading to and radiating from the first water as you descend the valley from San Jose.

After passing the water hole we came upon a portion of a carcass of a horse, shot under a Mexican the day before. Arriving at Cibuto we were hospitably received by Sr. Jose Pierson, who furnished the command with several days' rations, and invited Capt. Andrade and myself to breakfast, after which Mr. Pierson kindly furnished me with a horse, and himself joined the command, with two of his men, mounted, and at 8:30 a. m. we started on the return trip in search of the trail, and three miles above this place found it, and at 11 a. m. drove in the Apache pickets, capturing a half-cooked beef, still on the fire. Further up the ridge our advance guard came up on another abandoned camp, finding a fat young cow just killed, and only a portion of one hind quarter being skinned. The pursuit now became intensely exciting for our little band, only nineteen, we being informed from reliable sources that the Indians numbered thirty-seven, and were rather extravagant in their expenditure of ammunition. A few minutes later quite an excitement was raised by our party seeing two Apaches dashing on horseback along the ridge of a mountain before us, and four others on foot, making for a very high, rugged mountain peak, known as the Las Encombradas. There is water in both canyons along the base of this great lance-like peak. The trail from Rancho Bueno Vista runs through one of these canyons into this valley and west across the Cibuto range. Here was a natural fortification as strong as any man took refuge in, and which the Indians held.

The first fourteen men sent from Nogales, Friday night, had passed on to Imuris, but we were informed that fifteen men were ambushed near Casita, ten miles distant, and three were killed. We at once dispatched a courier to request them to join us, and while we were holding two lofty tables facing the Apache stronghold, our Casita courier returned across the rough bench land west of the valley of the Casita, having loped his horse for sixteen miles with but a single break. Through some misapprehension the company declined to join us. We concluded not to attempt to dislodge the Indians at present, our party not being sufficiently strong. Captain Andrade then returned with his men to San Jose, while Mr. Pierson, his two employees and myself returned to Cibuto. This led the Indians to believe that all attempts to dislodge them had been abandoned. On our return here a second courier was dispatched to Casita with details of the situation, and immediately Sr. Enrique G. Rohstadt, a ranchero of

Magdalena, responded with a force of seventy men, cowboys, ranchers, etc.—and camped here until 7 o'clock this evening and then moved upon the enemy's works under cover of darkness. Fifty of the above mentioned force are well mounted and are well armed. News was also received that we could expect a company of sixty men from Buena Vista and the upper Santa Cruz early to-morrow by the same trail on which the Apaches have taken up their stand. Thus it is to be hoped and expected that the band will probably be destroyed between these two forces. Late this afternoon Captain Andrade and one of his men passed in sight of the Apache stronghold and so bold had the Indians become that about thirty of them showed up on the upper plateau occupied by our party in the forenoon. Signal fires have been sent up all this afternoon, as it is believed to call in small bands scattered among the mountains, one band having this morning attacked two young men on their way from this place to Nogales. One of them is missing, but his horse has returned. They were attacked near the old Mexican custom house, but a few miles south of Nogales. Pending a report of the fight expected to take place to-night I give a report of the depredations during the past four days.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

On Thursday morning last, the Indians having made their way across the southwest end of the Casita range, three men fighting near Agua Calientes, were attacked and two killed, the third being still missing.

On Friday morning three women, two men and two boys, from Mericche, passed through Casita with their household goods packed on burros. In sight of the place, while one man and one of the boys were walking a few steps ahead of the rest were shot through the heart—the man falling with his pipe in his mouth. The others escaped to adjacent buildings.

The same afternoon fifteen men from Imuris took the trail near the scene of the killing, and two miles out, on a mesa, they were ambushed and three men and three horses killed.

The same day a man who went out from Casita was killed.

On Saturday morning two mounted Indians and four on foot appeared in plain view of this place and began rounding up horses, of which they secured quite a number of Mr. Pierson's band, right under the eyes of the owner, who had only enough arms and men to protect his house.

The same day the foreman of Mr. Pierson's upper ranch had his horse killed under him in passing from this place to San Jose.

To-day two young men from this place to Nogales were attacked near the first station from the line and one of them doubtless killed.

At this writing Mr. Pierson can form no estimate of his loss of live stock, as it runs up into the thousands, and includes one fine American stallion and a valuable imported bull.

Nearly all the Indians yet seen are dressed the same as Crook's scouts.

JOHN I. GINN,
Editor Nogales Frontier.

Reduction in price of La Rosa Blanca Cigar. These cigars have been heretofore sold three for fifty cents, but owing to having a large stock on hand, Ashmun & Walker will hereafter sell them at twelve and a-half cents, this giving the lovers of the favorite weed, a fine imported cigar, two for twenty-five cents. 4-27-tf

Annual Meeting of The Promoter Gold and Silver Mining Company.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of "The Promoter Gold and Silver Mining Company," will be held at the city of Tombstone at the office of the company in the Vizina building, Toughnut street, on Tuesday, the fourth day of May, 1886, at 2 o'clock p. m.
Dated April 29, 1886.
W. T. EGAN,
Secretary.

Mr. C. W. Moye, whose advertisement appears in another column, has been very successful to-day, having disposed of three organs. He still has some more left which our citizens should inspect.

Here is Your Hair.

Among the arguments used by those who are willing that the Chinese should go but who want them to remain a little longer, is this: "How can we get our washing done?" Any argument on this question is solved by this answer: "Purchase an A. No. 1 LITTLE JOKER WASHING MACHINE." This machine is light and simple, cheap and durable, so simple that a child or a weakly or sickly woman can run it without exertion. It saves time in fact a large family wash can be put out in two hours. It washes clean and does not wear out your clothes. Call and inspect one of the machines at Mrs. Grant who is the agent at the American Lodging House, Toughnut next door to the court house, Tombstone, A. T. 4-12-tf

New Styles.

Mr. B. Hattich has just returned from a visit to California and the eastern states, where he purchased a large assortment of foreign and domestic goods of the latest styles and patterns. These goods are now on exhibition at his Tailoring Emporium on Allen street, between Fifth and Sixth, where parties desiring new spring or summer suits made to order in the most fashionable styles should call. 4-17-tf

JOSEPH PASCHOLY.

Hotel. The only first-class hotel in Tombstone. Situated on the corner of Fourth and Allen streets. Handsomely furnished throughout, and has all modern improvements. Travelers are recommended to stop at this house. Private rooms for commercial travelers. The bar of this house is furnished with improved billiard tables and card rooms, and is stocked with the finest brand of wines, liquors and cigars.
JOSEPH PASCHOLY, proprietor.

Liquor Dealers Notice!

The Revenue Tax year expires April 30th, next. Parties wishing to engage in the business will do well to call on Mr. English at his office, 111 Fourth street, where they will find proper blanks and make up their returns. 4-24-tf

Notice.

All persons indebted to Lee & Callaghan of the White Labor Laundry, on Safford street, will please come forward and settle, and those having bills against the firm will please present them for payment.
LEE & CALLAGHAN.
4-23-tf

What is the use of sleeping on the floor when you can buy a good bed at Schoenfeld & Hevman's for \$2.50. 3-26 Im

A RARE CHANCE.

Mr. C. H. Moye, of Los Angeles, has arrived in this city with four handsome black walnut organs of the celebrated make of Packard, and Story & Clark. These organs have all been selected with reference to their being sold very cheap for cash, or upon easy installments. Our citizens will not have to take Mr. Moye's word for the quality and tone of these organs and wait until they can be shipped to them after purchase, as he has them here in the city, and they can be inspected and examined on and after Thursday next, on Fifth street, next door to Cohn's. Don't fail to call and examine them and see how cheap you can purchase one of the finest musical instruments in the world. Mr. Moye is also agent for all the celebrated makes of pianos, which he will also sell cheaper than ever known before. 4-27-lw.

Chas. Harris, the popular tailor has removed his tailoring establishment to the Bothin Block, Allen street, opposite the Fashionables, with a fine lot of Spring goods. 3-22-tf

Messrs. Dyar & Baldwin have been appointed the agents for this city of that elegant butter being made at J. H. White's ranch, the finest ever brought to this city. Go and buy a roll and try. Only to be had of Dyar & Baldwin, on Fremont street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Notice of Forfeiture.

TO DAVID CALLISHER YOUR HEIRS or Assigns. You are hereby notified that I have expended \$1000 and donated dollars in labor and improvements on the Quartz and mining claim, situated in the Bitter Springs district, county of Cochise, Territory of Arizona, in order to hold the claim of the year ending December, 1886, under the provisions of Section 224, Revised Statutes of the United States. Therefore, if within ninety days from publication of this notice, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of said expenditure and cost of this publication as co-owner, your interest in said mine or claim will become the property of the undersigned under Section 224, S.O.L.O.F.M. SHULTZ.
Tombstone, April 7, 1886.

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF H. M. MATTHEWS, deceased. The creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said named estate, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims with the necessary vouchers to me within four months after the first publication of this notice at my office, in the city of Tombstone, county of Cochise, Territory of Arizona, or the same will be forever barred.
Arthur Lang is authorized to collect all bills and receipt for same.
Dated Tombstone, April 13, 1886.
R. S. HATCH, Administrator.